

# BELGIAN NDC SUPPORT INITIATIVE

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CLIMATE CHANGE SERVICE

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE HEALTH, FOOD CHAIN SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

# OBJECTIVE

- Support eligible countries in taking forward the implementation of their Nationally Determined Contributions (NDC) through **specific and concrete actions contributing to institutional capacity building** in the fields of **GHG Inventories, Policy Development and Implementation & Accessing Climate Finance**.
- 30 Eligible countries
  - 14 partner countries of the Belgian international cooperation
  - Member countries of the cluster francophone of the Partnership for Transparency in the Paris Agreement

# PRINCIPLES FOR IMPLEMENTATION

- Bottom-up approach - call for proposals
- Relatively light application procedure but sufficiently informative for the selection committee
- Transparent communication
- Partnership with public entities
- Steering by the host country
- Local/regional expertise if available

# OVERVIEW

Up to 3 submissions/country

1 submission/country;  
3 countries (2017) not eligible

	2017 Cycle	2018 Cycle
Requests received	47 of 21 countries	16 of 16 countries
GHG Inventory	<b>Selected: Rwanda, Cameroon</b>	<b>Niger</b>
Policies and Measures	<b>Selected: Ivory Coast</b>	<b>Palestine</b>
Climate financing	14	0
Countries	21	16
Francophone	43 requests	13
Anglophone	4 requests	2
Lusophone	0	1
Partner BE DEVCO	11 countries – 25 requests	10
No partner	10 countries – 22 requests	6

## Non selected projects:

- Individual Feedback – constructive (capacity building)
- Suggest other options – active promotion towards other donors (a.o. GIZ)

# MODE OF COLLABORATION

- Conclusion of Memorandum of Understanding
  - Objectives of the cooperation
  - Modalities
  
- Joint writing of Terms of Reference
  - Contract requested expertise (Belgian public procurement rules)
  - Identify potential consultants
  
- (If applicable) Cooperation Contract
  - Financing the practical organisation of workshops, meetings, trainings, etc.
  - Management by host country

# LESSONS LEARNED

1. The best project ideas are those that have « matured » at the national level:
  - Clear (and limited) scope
  - Evidence that the partner institution knows very well what it wants to achieve with the project and how the expected results will fit into its plans/strategies
2. Importance of swift communication once projects are selected
  - To finalise MoU, ToR, during project implementation
  - Get early support (i.e. when submitting project idea) from hierarchy, other entities involved

# LESSONS LEARNED – IMPACT WHEN

## 1. Good local coordination

Ex. Cameroun: MINEPDED made sure that the training on GHG inventories was organised in partnership with the « Reporting for Results-based REDD+ » project

## 2. Project includes a coaching phase

Ex. Rwanda: Coaching (from a distance) during the first year of using the tool

## 3. Build on results

Ex. Ivory Coast: MINEDD made sure that the tool developed will be applied to other sectors in the context of a project implemented by UNDP

Ex. Palestine: the support project is based on recommendations from a previous project

## 4. Local means can be mobilised

Ex. Cameroun

THANK YOU

